

Adjustable Rate Mortgage Program Disclosure

7/1 ARM CONSTRUCTION PERMANENT – 30 YRS – 2 POINTS

Program Code: 085

This disclosure describes the features of the adjustable rate mortgage (ARM) program you are considering. Disclosures and further information on other ARM programs are available upon request.

How Your Interest Rate and Payment Can Change

Your interest rate and payment can change. Starting with your first change, your interest rate will be based on the Index rate plus a margin, and will be rounded. During the first twelve months, your payment will be interest only on the amounts advanced. After that, your payment will be based on the interest rate, loan balance and remaining loan term. Ask us for our current interest rate and margin.

Many of the terms used here, such as “Index” and “Margin” are explained in the attached booklet entitled “Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages”, and in our detailed Program Disclosure, both of which we have given to you.

Your index is the weekly average yield on U. S. Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year, published weekly (usually Tuesday) in the Wall Street Journal.

Each time we change your interest rate, it will be set to equal the index plus a margin and rounded to the nearest 1/8th of one percentage point. This will equal your new interest rate unless your interest rate “caps” limit the amount of change in the interest rate. See the description of the “caps” in the section below.

Please note, however, that your initial interest rate is not based on the index used to make later adjustments. Initial interest rates which have been set in the manner are often referred to as having been “discounted”. Ask us for the amount this adjustable rate mortgage program is currently “discounted”.

How Your Interest Rate Can Change

Your interest rate and payment can change once each year. (The amounts and changes in any tax escrows or insurance escrows are not described in or taken into account in this advance disclosure).

Your interest rate cannot increase or decrease more than two percentage points (2.0%) at each adjustment, or increase or decrease more than six percentage points (6.0%) over the initial interest rate during the term of the loan. These are called interest rate “caps”.

How Your Monthly Payment Can Change

Your monthly payment can change yearly based on changes in the interest rate. The amounts and changes in any tax escrows or insurance escrows are not described in or taken into account in this advanced disclosure.

We will send you a written notice at least 25, but not more than 120 days before a change in rate takes effect. Once the rate is changed, the payment first due after the rate change will reflect the new payment level. This is caused by the fact the mortgage interest is charged for the month immediately past. This notice will contain information about your index, interest rates, payment amount and loan balance.

Because this is a construction permanent loan, the payment for the first year shown in the following historical example is for interest only on amounts advanced. The first payment shows interest on \$10,000. During the construction phase, the monthly payment will increase up to this amount.

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The example below shows how your payments would have changed under this ARM program based on actual changes in the index from 1996 to 2010. This does not necessarily indicate how your index will change in the future. The example is based on the following assumptions:

Amount: \$10,000 Term: 360 Months Margin: 2.750 Percentage points*

Initial interest rate discount: 2.250 percentage points**

Initial interest rate and payment adjustment interval: 84 months

Interest only construction period: 12 Months.

Regular interest rate and payment adjustment interval: 12 months.

Maximum increase at each adjustment interval: 2.000 percentage points.

Maximum decrease at each adjustment interval: 2.000 percentage points.

Maximum increase over the life of the loan: 6.000 percentage points.

Index: Weekly average yield on U.S. Treasury securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year.

YEAR AS OF FIRST WEEK ENDING IN JAN	INDEX (%)	MARGIN PERCENTAGE POINTS	INTEREST RATE (%)~	MONTHLY PAYMENT (\$)	REMAINING BALANCE (\$)
1996	5.180	2.750*	10.125***	42.19++	10000.00
1997	5.550	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9945.87
1998	5.520	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9886.01
1999	4.590	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9819.79
2000	6.030	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9746.54
2001	4.890	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9665.53
2002	2.240	2.750*	10.125***	88.68	9575.92
2003	1.380	2.750*	8.125 #####	75.68	9440.85
2004	1.290	2.750*	6.125 #####	63.85	9247.53
2005	2.820	2.750*	5.625	61.14	9028.44
2006	4.370	2.750*	7.125	69.17	8835.45
2007	4.980	2.750*	7.750	72.54	8642.98
2008	3.180	2.750*	5.875	63.01	8387.84
2009	0.370	2.750*	3.875 #####	54.00	8059.07
2010	0.470	2.750*	3.250	51.47	7698.00

- ~ Interest rates are rounded to the nearest 1/8 percentage point
- ++ This payment is for interest only during the construction phase.
- * This is a margin we have used recently; yours may be different.
- ** This is a discount we have used recently; yours may be different.
- *** This rate reflects a discount of 2.250% in your initial rate.
- ##### This rate reflects a 2.000% rate floor at each adjustment.

To see what your payments would have been during that period, divide your mortgage amount by \$10,000; then multiply the monthly payments by that amount. (For example, in 2010 the monthly payment for a mortgage amount of \$60,000 taken out in 1996 would be: $\$60,000 / \$10,000 = 6$; $6 \times \$51.47 = \308.82 .)